Key to Cultivated Trees and Shrubs of Hawaii

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Key to Groups

1. Palm or palm-like tree with unbranched trunk and cluster of large leaves at tip.....<u>Group 1</u> 1' Tree or large shrub with branched trunk(s)

2. Leaves scale-like or needle-like, without flattened blades (conifers and conifer like trees).....<u>Group 2</u>

2' Leaves with flattened blades (not a conifer or palm)

3. Leaves *opposite* and/or *whorled*

4. Leaves *simple*.....<u>Group 3</u>

4' Leaves *compound*.....<u>Group 4</u>

3' Leaves *alternate*

5. Leaves compound (or so deeply lobed as to appear compound)

6. Leaves *palmately compound*......<u>Group 5</u>

6' Leaves *pinnately, bipinnately, or tripinnately compound* (leaves with 2 or 3 leaflets key as pinnately compound)

- 7. Leaves *pinnately compound* (once divided)......<u>Group 6</u>
- 7' Leaves bipinnately or tripinnately compound (two or three times divided)......Group

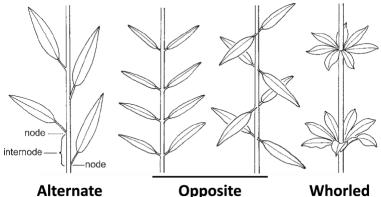
<u>7</u> 5' Leaves *simple*

8. Leaves <1 inch wide.....<u>Group 8</u> 8' Leaves >1 inch wide

- 9. Leaves >12 inches wide......Group 9
- 9' Leaves < 10 inches wide

10. Leaves and stems *bleeding milky white* or yellow sap when damaged......<u>Group 10</u>

10' Leaves and stems not bleeding milky white or yellow sap when damaged.....<u>Group 11</u>



pinnate pair of terminal leaflets leaf venation terminal leaflet leaflet leaf blade midvein secondary leaf veins veins leaf leaflet axil -leaf stalk econdary R (petiole) axillary bud leaflet leaf stalk nodes rachis primary stem leaflet **Bipinnately** Pinnately Palmately Simple Leaf Compound Compound Compound



Inches

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GROUP 1 – PALMS OR PALM-LIKE TREES WITH UNBRANCHED TRUNKS AND TERMINAL CLUSTERS OF LARGE LEAVES

1. Leaves *simple*; blades with many parallel secondary veins, undivided or sometimes torn by wind

- 2. Leaf edges with sharp teeth......Pandanus tectorius (HALA)
- 2' Leaf edges smooth, not toothed
 - 3. Leaves spiraled around trunk (actually an herbaceous structure formed by overlapping leaf stalks); flower clusters hanging downward.....*Musa acuminata (BANANA)*
 - 3' Leaves 2-ranked, forming fan-like arrays, leaf stalks sheathing tip of woody trunk; flower clusters erect
 - 4. Leaves 5–7 feet long......Strelitzia nicolai (GIANT BIRD OF PARADISE)
 - 4' Leaves 13–16 feet long......Ravenala madagascariensis (TRAVELERS TREE)
- 1' Leaves compound (fishtail, fan or feather palms)
 - 5. Leaves bipinnately compound (fishtail palms)
 - 6. Trunk solitary...... Caryota gigas (GIANT FISHTAIL PALM)
 - 6' Trunks clustered......Caryota mitis (CLUSTERED FISHTAIL PALM)
 - 5' Leaves palmately or pinnately compound (fan or feather palms)
 - 7. Leaves palmately compound (fan palms)
 - Leaf stalk edges conspicuously armed with spiny teeth, at least at the base
 Leaf stalk bases with flat, cloth-like sheets; mature fruit blue; leaflet tips conspicuously drooping......Livistona chinensis (CHINESE FAN PALM)
 - 10' Leaf stalk bases not modified into flat, cloth-like sheets; mature fruit black; leaflet tips only slightly drooping or erect
 - 11. Trunk stout (usually >2 ft. in diameter); many hairlike fibers on the leaf tip......*Washingtonia filifera (CALIFORNIA FAN PALM)*
 - 11' Trunk very tall and slender (usually <2 ft. in diameter); few hair-like fibers on the leaf tips.....*Washingtonia robusta (MEXICAN FAN PALM)*
 - 9' Leaf stalk edges unarmed
 - 12. Short, multi-trunked shrub, forming clumps; stems covered with loose fibers;......*Rhapis* excelsa (LADY PALM)
 - 12' Tall, solitary-trunked trees; trunk without loose fibers
 - 13. Leaf stalk bases with flat, cloth-like sheets; mature fruit blue.....*Livistona chinensis* (CHINESE FAN PALM)
 - 13' Leaf stalk bases not modified into flat, cloth-like sheets; mature fruit variously colored
 - 14. Leaves conspicuously waxy, bluish-gray
 - 15. Trunk usually >12 inches in diameter; leaf scars horizontal, not undulating; flange of tissue at distal end of upperside of leaf stalk assymetrical and spoon-shaped......*Bismarckia nobilis (BISMARCK PALM)*
 - 15' Trunk usually <12 inches in diameter; leaf scars undulating on trunk; flange of tissue at distal end of upperside of leaf stalk triangular or arrow-shaped.....*Latania loddigesii (BLUE LATAN PALM)*
 - 14' Leaves green, occasionally grayish-green
 - 16. Fruit and flower clusters extended well beyond the leaves,......*Pritchardia thurstonii (THURSTON'S PALM)*
 - 16' Fruit and flower clusters shorter than the leaves

- 17. Leaves typically grayish green, covered with wax, rarely nearly white.....*Pritchardia hillebrandii (LOULU PALM)*
- 17' Leaves lacking waxy glaucous covering, typically mostly green
 - 18. Leaf blades diamond-shaped in outline, divided to half the blade length or more.....*Pritchardia maideniana (KONA PALM)*
 - 18' Leaf blades rounded, divided less than half the blade length.....*Pritchardia pacifica (FIJI FAN PALM)*
- 7' Leaves pinnately compound (feather palms)
 - 19. Basal leaflets modified into spines; leaflets induplicate (V-shaped instead of A-shaped) 20. Trunks clustering......*Phoenix dactylifera (DATE PALM)*
 - 20' Trunks solitary
 - 21. Trunk large, robust, typically 2 feet or more in diameter.....*Phoenix canariensis* (CANARY ISLAND DATE PALM)
 - 21' Trunk small to medium, typically 1 foot or less in diameter
 - 22. Trunk 6 inches or less in diameter, usually with persistent diamond-shaped leaf stalk stubs; leaflets in one plane.....*Phoenix roebelenii (PYGMY DATE PALM)*
 - 22' Trunk 12 inches or more in diameter, not with persistent diamond-shaped leaf stalk stubs; leaflets in multiple planes
 - 23. Leaf stalks > 20 inches long; fruits 2 inches long or more......*Phoenix dactylifera (DATE PALM)*
 - 23' Leaf stalks to 20 inches long; fruits 1 inch long or less.....*Phoenix sylvestris* (SILVER DATE PALM)
 - 19' Basal leaflets same as rest of leaflets, not modified into spines; leaflets reduplicate (Ashaped instead of V-shaped)
 - 24. Crownshaft absent
 - 25. Trunk markedly ringed, grayish, abruptly swollen basally; fruits large, 8 inches or more in diameter.....*Cocos nucifera (COCONUT PALM)*
 - 25' Trunk smooth, whitish, not abruptly swollen basally; fruits small, less than ½ inches in diameter.....*Ravenea rivularis (MAJESTY PALM)*
 - 24' Leaf bases tubular, clasping around upper trunk, forming a crownshaft
 - 26. Crownshaft red or orange......Cyrtostachys renda (SEALING WAX PALM)
 - 26' Crownshaft not red or orange but gray, grayish-white, brown, or green
 - 27. Trunks clustering; multi-branched from the base
 - 28. Leaflet tips pointed, narrowing to 1 or 2 points.....*Dypsis lutescens (ARECA PALM)*
 - 28' Leaflet tips jaggedly toothed, usually >2 inches wide at tip......*Ptychosperma macarthurii (MACARTHUR PALM)*
 - 27' Trunk solitary
 - 29. Leaves bluish-gray, arranged in 3 ranks (triangular).....*Dypsis decaryi* (*TRIANGLE PALM*)
 - 29' Leaves green or grayish-green, not arranged in 3 ranks
 - 30. Leaflets arranged in multiple planes, making a feather duster-like leaf 31. Leaflets it all planes; trunk usually < 1.5 feet in diameter.....*Wodyetia bifurcata (FOXTAIL PALM)*
 - 31' Leaflets mostly in two planes; trunk usually > 2 feet in diameter
 - 32. Leaves held above the horizontal; trunk uniform in diameter throughout.....*Roystonea oleracea (CARIBBEAN ROYAL PALM)*

- 32' Leaves held above and below the horizontal; trunk not uniform in diameter throughout.....*Roystonea regia (ROYAL PALM)*
- 30' Leaflets arranged in a single plane, making a feather-like leaf
 - 34. Mature trees usually < 15 feet tall; trunk conspicuously swollen at base; leaves stiffly curved; leaflets forming v-shaped blade.....*Hyophorbe lagenicaulis (BOTTLE PALM)*
 - 34' Mature trees usually > 20 feet tall; not conspicuously swollen; leaves not stiffly curved; leaflets flat, drooping or in several planes but not forming a v-shaped blade
 - 35. Crownshaft white or grayish-white with rust colored hairs at the top......*Veitchia arecina (MONTGOMERY PALM)*
 - 35' Crownshaft brown or green with variously colored hairs or hairless
 - 36. Mature trunk usually 6 inches or less in diameter; leaflets wide and jagged at tips..... *Ptychosperma elegans (SOLITAIRE PALM)*
 - 36' Mature trunk > 6" in diameter; leaflets narrowing to a point at tip
 - 37. Leaves arching; leaflets held upright in a V-shape.....*Adonidia merrillii (MANILA PALM)*
 - 37' Leaves not arching; leaves held in a flat plane.....*Archontophoenix alexandrae (ALEXANDRA PALM)*

GROUP 2 – TREES WITH SCALE-LIKE OR NEEDLE-LIKE LEAVES

- 1. Leaves minute or seemingly absent—needle-like structures are actually jointed, ribbed branches with minute, whorled, scale-like leaves (see *Casuarina* shoot photos)
 - 2. Shrub......Platycladus orientalis (ORIENTAL ARBORVITAE)
 - 2' Tree
 - 3. Tree common; branches somewhat weeping, gray green; minute leaves 7–8 in whorls.....*Casuarina equisetifolia (IRONWOOD)*
 - 3' Tree uncommon; branches erect, dark green; minute leaves 8–17 in whorls.....*Casuarina cunninghamiana (RIVER SHE-OAK)*
- 1' Leaves obvious
 - 4. Leaves scale-like, opposite......*Platycladus orientalis (ORIENTAL ARBORVITAE)*
 - 4' Leaves needle-like or linear, alternate
 - 5. Leaves over 2 inches long......Afrocarpus falcatus (AFRICAN FERN PINE)
 - 5' Leaves 1.5 inches long or shorter
 - 6. Tree leaning off center; common......Araucaria columnaris (COOK PINE)
 - 6' Tree upright and plumb; rarely grown
 - 7. Bark reddish-brown to brown or gray, fibrous; cones < 1/2 inch wide.....*Cryptomeria japonica (JAPANESE CRYPTOMERIA)*
 - 7' Bark gray, smooth, peeling, warty; cones > 3 inches wide
 - 8. Mature leaves keeled; foliage found toward the end of branches on mature trees.....*Araucaria cunninghamii (HOOP PINE)*

8' Mature leaves flattened, scale-like; foliage found throughout branches on mature trees.....*Araucaria heterophylla (NORFOLK ISLAND PINE)*

GROUP 3 – BROADLEAVED TREES WITH OPPOSITE OR WHORLED, SIMPLE LEAVES

- 1. Leaves always whorled (rarely opposite)
 - 2. Leaves and stems bleeding milky white or yellow sap when damaged
 - 3. Leaf tips rounded, sometimes notched; flowers white......*Plumeria obtusa (WHITE PLUMERIA)*
 - 3' Leaf tips tapering to a point; flowers variously colored including white......*Plumeria rubra (PLUMERIA)*
 - 2' Leaves and stems not bleeding milky white or yellow sap when damaged
 - 4. Largest leaves > 4 inches wide......*Terminalia catappa (FALSE KAMANI)*
 - 4' Largest leaves < 2 inches wide
 - 5. Leaf edges spiny and wavy......*Macadamia integrifolia (MACADAMIA NUT)*
 - 5' Leaf edges smooth and flat...... Terminalia buceras (GEOMETRY TREE)
- 1' Leaves always opposite (rarely whorled)
 - 6. Leaves and stems bleeding milky sap when damaged
 - 7. Sap yellow; leaves obovate (widest at the tip)......Clusia rosea (AUTOGRAPH TREE)
 - 7' Sap white; leaves widest in the middle
 - 8. Stems thin, <1/2 inch in diameter......*Tabernaemontana litoralis (LECHOSO)*
 - 8' Stems succulent and thick, >3/4 inches in diameter
 - 9. Leaf tips tapering to a point; flowers variously colored including white......*Plumeria rubra (PLUMERIA)*
 - 9' Leaf tips rounded, sometimes notched; flowers white.....*Plumeria obtusa* (WHITE PLUMERIA)
 - 6' Leaves and stems not bleeding milky sap when damaged
 - 10. Largest leaves > 8 inches wide
 - 11. Leaf undersides green, bright, shiny......*Morinda citrifolia (NONI)*
 - 11' Leaf undersides white, pale, dull green...... Tectona grandis (TEAK)
 - 10' Largest leaves < 6 inches wide
 - 12. Leaves densely hairy and/or white on the undersides
 - 13. Leaves < 3/4 inches wide; tips pointed......*Olea europaea (OLIVE)*
 - 13' Leaves > 1 inch wide; tips rounded
 - 14. Shrub to large tree; leaf blade bases often lobed; petals inconspicuous; fruits woody, brown and cup-shaped.....*Metrosideros polymorpha (OHIA)*
 - 14' Shrub or small tree; leaf blade bases rounded; petals large, succulent; fruits fleshy, green, large and egg-shaped......*Feijoa sellowiana (PINEAPPLE GUAVA)*
 - 12' Leaf hairless or only sparsely hairy on the undersides
 - 15. Bark smooth, thin, flaking, shedding in plates and/or ribbons; leaves with translucent dots when held to the light
 - 16. Leaves fragrant when crushed, smelling of allspice, cinnamon, nutmeg, and cloves.....*Pimenta dioica (ALLSPICE)*
 - 16' Leaves fragrant, but not smelling strongly of spice when crushed
 - 17. Tall tree with rainbow-colored bark, shedding in strips.....*Eucalyptus deglupta (RAINBOW EUCALYPTUS)*
 - 17' Small tree or shrub with cinnamon, tan, or beige bark shedding in plates
 - 18. Leaves sickle-shaped......*Angophora costata (SYDNEY RED GUM)*18' Leaves egg-shaped

- 19. Young stems square in cross-section with winged ridges; leaf side veins raised above lower surface; largest leaves >2 inches wide.....*Psidium guajava (COMMON GUAVA)*
- 19' Young stems round in cross-section; leaf side veins not raised; largest leaves <1.5 inches wide.....*Psidium cattleianum* (*STRAWBERRY GUAVA*)
- 15' Bark rough, thick, fibrous, or scaly, not smooth, thin and flaking off, sometimes gray and smooth, but not shedding in plates or ribbons; leaves with or without translucent dots when held to the light
 - 20. Leaf edges with rounded teeth......*Elaeodendron orientale (FALSE OLIVE)*
 - 20' Leaf edges smooth
 - 21. Leaves < 3 inches long
 - 22. Leaves spear-shaped (lanceolate) or narrowly elliptic.....*Olea europaea (OLIVE)*
 - 22' Leaves egg-shaped (ovate)
 - 23. Leaves with translucent dots when held to the light; fruits red and ridged......*Eugenia uniflora (SURINAM CHERRY)*
 - 23' Leaves without translucent dots; fruits dark green to black and smooth.....*Psydrax odorata (ALAHE'E)*
 - 21' Leaves > 3 inches long
 - 24. Leaves < 1 inch wide......Olea europaea (OLIVE)
 - 24' Leaves > 1.5 inches wide
 - 25. Raised glands present at the intersection of the secondary veins and mid leaf vein.....*Gardenia taitensis (TAHITIAN GARDENIA)*
 - 25' Raised glands on leaf veins absent
 - 26. Leaf stalks clasping around the stem with fused, swollen appendages just above the attachment point......*Fagraea berteroana (PUA KENIKENI)*
 - 26' Leaf stalks not clasping around the stem at the attachment point and without swollen appendages
 - 27. Secondary veins numerous and parallel (more than 50 and often obscure)
 - 28. Leaves widest at middle; leaf tips rounded......*Calophyllum inophyllum (KAMANI)*
 - 28' Leaves widest at base; leaf tips pointed......*Syzygium cumini (JAVA PLUM)*
 - 27' Secondary veins fewer than 50 and obvious, sometimes parallel or not
 - 29. Raised glands present where the leaf blade meets the leaf stalk.....*Citharexylum caudatum (FIDDLEWOOD)*
 - 29' No raised glands present on leaf stalk
 - 30. Leaf edges rolled under; leaf tips notched......*Noronhia* emarginata (MADAGASCAR OLIVE)
 - 30' Leaf edges flat; tips pointed or rounded
 - 31. Leaves without translucent dots when held to the light; bark stringy
 - 32. Leaf blade distinct from an obvious leaf stalk (>1/2 inch long); leaves always

opposite.....*Citharexylum spinosum* (FIDDLEWOOD)

- 32' Leaf blade tapers to the leaf stalk (<1/2 inch long); leaves nearly opposite or occasionally alternate.....*Lagerstroemia speciosa (GIANT CRAPE MYRTLE)*
- 31' Leaves with translucent dots when held to the light; bark smooth and shed in plates
 - 33. Flowers born along the trunk, and from the bark of larger branches; fruits pear-shaped......*Syzygium malaccense (MOUNTAIN APPLE)*
 - 33' Flowers born on branch ends; fruits guavashaped.....*Syzygium jambos ('OHI'A LOKE)*

GROUP 4 – BROADLEAVED TREES WITH OPPOSITE, COMPOUND LEAVES

- 1. Leaves pinnately or bipinnately compound
 - 2. Leaves bipinnately compound (twice divided).....Jacaranda mimosifolia (JACARANDA)
 - 2' Leaves pinnately compound (once divided)
 - 3. Leaflets 6 or fewer; bark smooth......Guaiacum officinale (LIGNUM VITAE)
 - 3' Leaflets 7 or more; bark rough
 - 4. Leaflets often more than 12; flowers red, orange, or yellow; fruits upright, brown capsules.....*Spathodea campanulata (AFRICAN TULIP TREE)*
 - 4' Leaflets often fewer than 12; flowers maroon or burgundy; fruits large, hanging, sausagelike.....*Kigelia africana (SAUSAGE TREE)*
- 1' Leaves palmately compound
 - 5. Leaflets < 2 inches long; underside of leaflets densely white, scaly; flowers white or pinkishwhite.....*Tabebuia berteroi (HISPANIOLAN ROSY TRUMPET TREE)*
 - 5' Leaflets > 3 inches long; underside of leaflets green, not white, hairy or scaly; flowers yellow or pink
 - 6. Leaflets > 2 inches wide; bark scaly, yellowish-gray; flowers bright yellow or golden.....*Roseodendron donnell-smithii (GOLD TREE)*
 - 6' Leaflets < 2 inches wide; bark hard, furrowed, not scaly; flowers pink, yellow, or golden
 - 7. Leaflet edges toothed.......Handroanthus heptaphyllus (PINK TRUMPET TREE)
 - 7' Leaflet edges smooth
 - 8. Leaves bluish-green; bark dark brown to black, hard and furrowed; flowers yellow or golden.....*Tabebuia aurea (SILVER TRUMPET TREE)*
 - 8' Leaves green or dark green; bark light brown to gray, plated and striped; flowers pink to purple......*Tabebuia heterophylla (PINK TECOMA)*

$Group \ 5-Broadleaved \ trees \ with \ alternate, \ palmately \ compound \ leaves$

- 1. Leaflets deeply lobed......Carica papaya (PAPAYA)
- 1' Leaflets not lobed
 - 2. Leaf undersides silvery; leaf edges wavy; ring scars around at leaf attachment points.....*Cecropia obtusifolia (CECROPIA)*
 - 2' Leaf undersides green; leaf edges flat or wavy; ring scars absent
 - 3. Leaflets > 10; flowers red, < 1 inch wide......*Heptapleurum actinophyllum (OCTOPUS TREE)*
 - 3' Leaflets < 10; flower red, green, white or yellow, > 1 inch wide
 - 4. Leaf stalks more than twice as long as longest leaflet; leaflets without a stalk.....*Sterculia foetida (SKUNK TREE)*
 - 4' Leaf stalks less than twice as long as longest leaflet; leaflets stalked, sometimes shortly so
 5. Flowers and fruits hanging on long stalks; trunk conspicuously swollen......*Adansonia digitata* (BAOBAB)
 - 5' Flowers and fruits on short stalks; trunk only somewhat swollen
 - 6. Tree evergreen; flowers greenish-white; fruits often > 5 inches long......*Pachira aquatica (GUIANA CHESTNUT)*
 - 6' Tree deciduous; flowers red, orange, pink, or white; fruits < 5 inches long
 - 7. Leaf edges wavy; leaflets jointed at leaf stalk; flowers red or orange; petals ovate, straight......*Bombax ceiba (RED SILK COTTON TREE)*
 - 7' Leaf edges flat; leaflets fused to leaf stalk; flowers pink or white; petals strap-like, curving.....*Pseudobombax ellipticum (SHAVING BRUSH TREE)*

GROUP 6 – BROADLEAVED TREES WITH ALTERNATE, PINNATELY COMPOUND (ONCE DIVIDED) LEAVES

1. Leaves with 5 or fewer leaflets

- 2. Leaflets 2......Lysiphyllum hookeri (MOUNTAIN EBONY)
- 2' Leaflets 3 or 4
 - 3. Leaflets generally 4, in opposite pairs; flowers white......Pithecellobium dulce (OPIUMA)
 - 3' Leaflets generally 3; flowers variously colored
 - 4. Flowers green, yellow, or orange; leaflets triangular.....*Erythrina sandwicensis* (*WILIWILI*)
 - 4' Flowers red; leaflets oval......Erythrina crista-galli (COCKSPUR CORAL TREE)
- 1' Leaves with 6 or more leaflets
- 5. Leaves with 18 or more leaflets
 - 6. Leaf undersides white; leaflets lobed......*Grevillea robusta (SILK OAK TREE)*
 - 6' Leaf undersides green; leaflets not lobed
 - 7. Leaflets < 1 inch long, notched at the tip......*Tamarindus indica (TAMARIND)*
 - 7' Leaflets > 1 inch long, rounded or pointed at the tip
 - 8. Leaflets < 1/2 inch wide; > 30 leaflets per leaf.....*Senna spectabilis (SENNA SPECTABILIS)*
 - 8' Leaflets > 1/2 inch wide; < 15–25 leaflets per leaf
 - 9. Leaflets generally < 2 inches wide; flowers pink......*Cassia javanica (PINK SHOWER TREE)*
 - 9' Leaflets generally > 2 inches wide; flowers pink, yellow, or cream.....*Cassia × nealiae* (*RAINBOW SHOWER TREE*)
- 5' Leaves usually with 15 or fewer leaflets
 - 10. Leaflets distinctly alternate on rachis
 - 11. Leaves (whole leaf) > 12 inches long; large tree; bark scaly.....*Pterocarpus indicus* (NARRA)
 - 11' Leaves (whole leaf) < 10 inches long; small to medium-sized tree, shrub, or hedge; bark stringy or smooth
 - 12. Leaflets < 2 inches long.....*Murraya paniculata (MOCK ORANGE)*
 - 12' Leaflets > 2 inches long......*Harpullia pendula (TULIPWOOD)*
 - 10' Leaflets opposite or nearly so on rachis
 - 13. Rachis winged
 - 14. Leaves terminating in a single leaflet......*Schinus terebinthifolia (BRAZILIAN PEPPER OR CHRISTMAS BERRY)*
 - 14' Leaves terminating in a pair of leaflets......*Filicium decipiens (FERN TREE)*
 - 13' Rachis not winged
 - 15. Leaflets curved, asymmetrical; bark scaly......*Swietenia mahagoni (WEST INDIAN MAHOGANY)*
 - 15' Leaflets symmetrical; bark furrowed or smooth, not scaly
 - 16. Leaflets > 4 inches long
 - 17. Leaflets toothed; leaf ending in a terminal leaflet..... *Polyscias guilfoylei (PANAX)*
 - 17' Leaflet edges smooth; leaf ending in a pair of leaflets
 - 18. Leaves with 12–16 leaflets; fruits long, brown, cigar-shaped; flowers yellow, showy.....*Cassia fistula (GOLDEN SHOWER TREE)*
 - 18' Leaves with 5–10 leaflets; fruits spherical; flowers white or cream
 19. Leaflet undersides whitish green; leaflets 8–10......*Dimocarpus longan* (LONGAN)

19' Leaflet undersides green; leaflets 4–8......*Litchi chinensis (LYCHEE)*

16' Leaflet 3 inches long or less

20. Petals absent; fruit on female trees >1/4 inch wide.....*Ceratonia siliqua (CAROB TREE)*

- 20' Petals obvious, > 1/2 inch wide; fruits various
 - 21. Leaflets often convex; fruits orange; seeds black, > 1/2 inch in diameter......*Harpullia pendula (TULIPWOOD)*
 - 21' Leaflets flat; fruits brown or yellow; seeds variously colored, 1/4 inch or less in diameter

22. Fruit fleshy and star-shaped in cross section.....*Averrhoa carambola (STAR FRUIT)*

- 22' Fruit a dry legume
 - 23. Young leaves and stems hairy.....Sophora chrysophylla (MAMANE)
 - 23' Young leaves and stems hairless
 - 24. Fertile stamens 10; petals overlapping; fruits < 5 inches long......*Senna surattensis (KOLOMONA)*
 - 24' Fertile stamens 7, reduced sterile stamens 3; petals non-overlapping; fruits > 8 inches long.....*Senna siamea (PHEASANT WOOD)*

GROUP 7 – BROADLEAVED TREES WITH ALTERNATE, BIPINNATELY, OR TRIPINNATELY COMPOUND (TWO OR THREE TIMES DIVIDED) LEAVES

- 1. Leaves terminating in a single leaflet
 - 2. Leaf undersides white......Grevillea robusta (SILK OAK TREE)
 - 2' Leaf undersides green
 - 3. Leaves tripinnately compound; leaflets < 1 inch long, rounded at tip, leaf edges smooth.....*Moringa oleifera (HORSERADISH TREE)*
 - 3' Leaves bipinnately compound; leaflets > 1 inch long, pointed at tip, leaf edges toothed.....*Melia azedarach (CHINABERRY)*
- 1' Leaves terminating in a pair of leaflets
- 4. Largest secondary leaflets > 1/2 inch wide
 - 5. Young stems and leaf stalks fuzzy; flowers pink; legumes dark brown to black......*Samanea saman (MONKEYPOD)*
 - 5' Young stems and leaf stalks hairless; flowers yellow or white; legumes light brown.....*Albizia lebbeck (WHITE MONKEYPOD)*
- 4' Largest secondary leaflets 1/4 inch wide or less
 - 6. Secondary leaflets < 1/4 inch long......*Acacia mearnsii (BLACK WATTLE)*
 - 6' Secondary leaflets 1/2 inch long or greater
 - 7. Leaves generally with 9 or fewer pairs of primary leaflets
 - 8. Leaves with 4–9 pairs of primary leaflets; branches spineless.....*Leucaena leucocephala* (*HAOLE KOA*)
 - 8' Leaf with 1–4 pairs of primary leaflets; branches often with sharp, rigid, paired spines.....*Prosopis pallida (KIAWE)*
 - 7' Leaves with more than 9 pairs of primary leaflets

9. Leaves generally with more than 18 pairs of primary leaflets

10. Flowers > 2 inches wide; petals longer than stamens; appendages present at base of leaf stalk of young leaves; fruits rounded at tip......*Delonix regia (ROYAL POINCIANA)*

- 10' Flowers < 1.5 inches wide; petals shorter than stamens; appendages absent from base of leaf stalk on young leaves; fruit pointed at tip......*Colvillea racemosa (COLVILLE'S GLORY)*
- 9' Leaves generally with 15 or fewer pairs of primary leaflets
 - 11. Plant is a shrub; flowers orangish-red.....*Caesalpinia pulcherrima (DWARF POINCIANA)*
 - 11' Plant is a tree; flowers variously colored
 - 12. Leaves and young stems hairy.....Acacia koa (KOA) (Juvenile leaves only)
 - 12' Leaves and stems hairless
 - 13. Bark rough and brown; flowers yellow......*Peltophorum pterocarpum* (YELLOW POINCIANA)
 - 13' Bark smooth and gray; flowers white or pink
 - 14. Leaf stalk < 1 inch long before first leaflets; flowers white.....*Falcataria moluccana (ALBIZIA)*
 - 14' Leaf stalk > 2 inches long before first leaflets; flowers white or pink
 15. Large tree (> 50'); leaflets asymmetrical; flowers white; pods strongly curled, kidney-shaped.....*Enterolobium cyclocarpum (EARPOD)*
 - 15' Small to medium-sized tree (< 30'); leaflets symmetrical; flowers pink; pods straight.....*Albizia julibrissin (SILK TREE)*

$Group \ 8-Broadleaved \ trees \ with \ alternate, \ simple \ leaves \ that \ are \ less \ the \ 1 \ inch \ wide$

- 1. Flower clusters shaped like a bottlebrush; fruits woody, persisting on stem for many years
 - 2. Bark white papery; leaves with 5 parallel main veins.....*Melaleuca quinquenervia (CAJEPUT TREE)*
 - 2' Bark brown furrowed; leaves with 1 main vein
 - 3. Tree often multi-stemmed; branches erect; leaves lemon-scented when crushed; stamens falling individually.....*Callistemon citrinus (LEMON BOTTLEBRUSH)*
 - 3' Tree often single stemmed; branches drooping; leaves not smelling of lemon when crushed; stamens falling in a fused ring.....*Callistemon viminalis (WEEPING BOTTLEBRUSH)*
- 1' Flowers variously shaped; fruits fleshy or woody, not persisting on stem for many years
 - 4. Leaves smelling of lemon when crushed; large tree with smooth white bark.....*Corymbia citriodora (LEMON-SCENTED GUM)*
 - 4' Leaves without noticeable lemon scent, with medicinal or spicy odor when crushed; shrub to tree with smooth to rough, gray to brown bark
 - 5. Single midvein of leaf prominent
 - 6. Leaves widest toward tip, blunt, reddish purple or bronze, occasionally sticky.....*Dodonaea viscosa (HOP BUSH)*
 - 6' Leaves narrowed to tip, pointed
 - 7. Leaves bleeding milky sap when damaged......*Cascabela thevetia (BEESTILL TREE)*
 - 7' Leaves not bleeding milky sap when damaged*Podocarpus macrophyllus (YEW PINE)*
 - 5' Single midvein of leaf not prominent, veins faint or obscure
 - 8. Leaves widened toward rounded tips, generally 1 inch long or shorter.....*Leptospermum laevigatum (AUSTRALIAN TEA TREE)*
 - 8' Leaves narrowed to pointed tips, 2 inches or longer
 - 9. Leaves with 1 obscure main vein; seed-bearing structure one-seeded, plumlike.....*Afrocarpus falcatus (AFRICAN FERN PINE)*
 - 9' Leaves with several parallel veins; fruit a legume

10. Leaves < 4 inches long; flowers bright yellow......Acacia confusa (FORMOSAN KOA)

10' Leaves > 6 inches long; flowers white to cream-colored......Acacia koa (KOA)

GROUP 9 – BROADLEAVED TREES WITH ALTERNATE, SIMPLE LEAVES, THAT ARE MORE THE 12 INCHES WIDE

- 1. Leaf stalks attached to the middle of leaf blades (peltate)
 - 2. Leaves deeply palmately lobed
 - 3. Leaf undersides silver......Cecropia obtusifolia (CECROPIA)
 - 3' Leaf undersides green......Ricinus communis (CASTOR BEAN)
 - 2' Leaves rounded or heart shaped, not lobed
 - 4. Leaf blades usually 1–2 feet in diameter......*Macaranga tanarius (PARASOL LEAF TREE)*
 - 4' Leaf blades usually more than 2 feet in diameter......*Macaranga mappa (BINGABING)*
- 1' Leaves stalkless or leaf stalks attached to the base of leaf blades
 - 5. Leaf stalks longer than or equal to leaf blade length
 - 6. Tree much-branched; leaves not lobed or shallowly 3- to 5-lobed.....*Aleurites moluccanus* (*KUKUI*)
 - 6' Tree unbranched or few-branched; leaves palmately divided nearly to the base into deeply lobed segments.....*Carica papaya (PAPAYA)*
 - 5' Leaf stalks shorter than leaf blade length
 - 7. Tree bleeding milky white sap when leaf is damaged, broken, or torn off
 - 8. Leaves deeply lobed......Artocarpus altilis (BREADFRUIT)
 - 8' Leaves not lobed or shallowly lobed
 - 9. Base of leaf blade narrowed to stalk......Artocarpus heterophyllus (JACKFRUIT)
 - 9' Base of leaf blade with short lobes around tip of stalk.....*Ficus lyrata (FIDDLELEAF FIG)*
 - 7' Tree without milky white sap
 - 10. Leaf edges toothed......Melochia umbellata (MELOCHIA)
 - 10. Leaf edges smooth
 - 11. Leaves oblanceolate, widest at tip; fruits almond-shaped......*Terminalia catappa* (FALSE KAMANI)
 - 11' Leaves ovate, widest in the middle; fruits four-sided......*Barringtonia asiatica* (*BARRINGTONIA*)

GROUP 10 – BROADLEAVED TREES WITH ALTERNATE, SIMPLE LEAVES, LESS THAN 10 INCHES WIDE, BLEEDING MILKY WHITE OR YELLOW SAP WHEN DAMAGED

- 1. Ring scars present at each leaf attachment point; stems often ending with a point (Moraceae)
 - 2. Fruit > 6 inches in diameter, covered by small bumps; leaves sometimes shallowly lobed toward tip, especially the juvenile leaves.....*Artocarpus heterophyllus (JACKFRUIT)*
 - 2' Fruit < 2 inches diameter, smooth; leaves not lobed (*Ficus*)
 - 3. Shoot tips covered by 1 (often reddish) sheath, > 6 inches long; leaf stalk shorter than leaf width; leaves often purple.....*Ficus elastica (RUBBER TREE)*
 - 3' Shoot tips covered by 2 sheaths, usually 4 inches long or less; leaf stalk shorter or longer than leaf width; leaves green
 - 4. Leaves covered with very fine rust-colored hairs (at least when young), usually on the undersides
 - 5. Mature trees with large spreading roots; leaves 2.5 inches to 5 inches wide, figs ³/₄ inches to 1 inch wide.....*Ficus macrophylla (MORETON BAY FIG)*
 - 5' Mature trees without large spreading roots, leaves 1.5 inches to 2.5 inches wide, figs ¹/₄ inches to ¹/₂ inches wide.....*Ficus rubiginosa (RUSTY-LEAF FIG)*
 - 4' Leaves hairless
 - 6' Leaves heart-shaped or triangular; leaf tips long and pronounced......*Ficus religiosa* (BODHI TREE)
 - 6. Leaves oval; leaf tips variable
 - 7. Largest leaves > 3 inches wide......Ficus benghalensis (INDIAN BANYAN)
 - 7' Largest leaves < 2 inches wide
 - 8. Leaf veins inconspicuous, very numerous; leaves with a long, pointed tip......*Ficus benjamina (WEEPING FIG)*
 - 8' Leaf veins conspicuous, usually < 10; leaves without a long tip......*Ficus microcarpa* (INDIAN LAUREL FIG)
- 1' Ring scar not present where leaves attach; stems not ending with a point
 - 9. Leaf veins palmate, with 3 or more prominent veins at the base of the leaf blade
 - 10. Leaves toothed, rough and sandpapery to the touch.....*Broussonetia papyrifera (WAUKE)*
 - 10' Leaves lobed or smooth
 - 11. Flowers white; canopy light green......Aleurites moluccanus (KUKUI)
 - 11' Flowers red; canopy dark green.....Jatropha integerrima (SPICY JATROPHA)
 - 9' Leaf veins pinnate, with 1 main vein
 - 12. Leaf undersides covered with golden; leaves usually purple or maroon......*Chrysophyllum oliviforme (SATINLEAF)*
 - 12' Leaf undersides hairless; leaves green
 - 13. Smallest stems thick, succulent, >3/4 inches in diameter; tree partly deciduous
 14. Leaf tips rounded, sometimes notched; flowers white......*Plumeria obtusa (WHITE PLUMERIA)*
 - 14' Leaf tips tapering to a point; flowers variously colored including white......*Plumeria rubra (PLUMERIA)*
 - 13' Smallest stems not succulent, <1/2 inches in diameter; tree evergreen
 - 15. Leaves 3 inches long or less......*Manilkara zapota (SAPODILLA)*
 - 15' Leaves > 4 inches long
 - 16. Bark smooth and gray; flowers white, >1 inch in diameter.....*Cerbera manghas* (SUICIDE TREE)

16' Bark rough and scaly; flowers white to pink, <1/2 inch in diameter.....*Mangifera indica (MANGO)*

GROUP 11 – BROADLEAVED TREES WITH ALTERNATE, SIMPLE LEAVES, LESS THAN 10 INCHES WIDE, NOT BLEEDING MILKY WHITE OR YELLOW SAP WHEN DAMAGED

- 1. Leaf edges toothed, teeth minute in *Hibiscus tiliaceus* (HAU)
 - 2. Leaf blade bases acute or obtuse, tapering to leaf stalk, not lobed......*Elaeocarpus angustifolius (BLUE MARBLE TREE)*
 - 2' Leaf blade bases rounded, often with two distinct lobes
 - 3. Leaves < 3 inches wide; bases asymmetric......*Trema orientalis (GUNPOWDER TREE)*
 - 3' Leaves > 5 inches wide; bases usually symmetric
 - 4. Leaves sometimes lobed; leaves sandpapery and rough on upper surface......*Broussonetia papyrifera (WAUKE)*
 - 4' Leaves always heart-shaped, not lobed; leaves smooth or soft-feeling, not sandpapery
 - 5. Leaf edges with minute teeth; leaf upper surface hairless; common coastal plant......*Hibiscus tiliaceus (HAU)*
 - 5' Leaf edges conspicuously toothed; leaf upper surface often soft to the touch and hairy; weedy forest tree.....*Melochia umbellata (MELOCHIA)*
- 1' Leaf edges not toothed, sometimes lobed
 - 6. Leaves two-lobed
 - 7. Leaf lobes divided to leaf stalk......*Lysiphyllum hookeri (MOUNTAIN EBONY)*
 - 7' Leaf lobes shallow, blades divided less than 1/2 their length
 - 8. Flowers reddish-orange, with 3 fertile stamens......Bauhinia galpinii (RED BAUHINIA)
 - 8' Flowers pink, purple, reddish-purple, violet or white, with 5 fertile stamens
 - 9. Flower buds with 5 ridges; fruits never forming......*Bauhinia × blakeana (HONG KONG ORCHID TREE)*
 - 9' Flower buds not ridged; fruits usually present on tree or ground
 - 10. Central petal striped with purple and pink......*Bauhinia variegata (PURPLE ORCHID TREE)*
 - 10' Central petal spotted and fringed with yellow......*Bauhinia monandra (PINK BAUHINIA)*
 - 6' Leaves not two-lobed
 - 11. Leaf stalk attached to the middle of leaf blade (peltate)
 - 12. Secondary veins extending like rungs of a ladder between main veins.....*Macaranga tanarius (PARASOL LEAF TREE)*
 - 12' Secondary veins forming networks between main veins......*Hernandia nymphaeifolia* (JACK IN THE BOX TREE)
 - 11' Leaf stalk attached to leaf blade base
 - 13. Leaves sickle-shaped; main leaf veins parallel......Acacia koa (KOA)
 - 13' Leaves straight or variously shaped, not sickle-shaped; leaf veins netted
 - 14. Leaf undersides more or less obscured by silvery to rust-colored hairs or scales
 - 15. Leaf highly lobed, often divided......*Grevillea robusta (SILK OAK TREE)*
 - 15' Leaf not lobed
 - 16. Leaf upper surface dark green; leaf underside covered with rust-colored hairs or silvery to golden tan scales

- 17. Leaf underside covered with rust-colored hairs; flowers > 6 inches wide; fruit a compound structure, often with exposed red seeds......*Magnolia grandiflora (SOUTHERN MAGNOLIA)*
- 17' Leaf underside covered with silvery to golden tan scales; flowers < 1 inch wide; fruit an almond-shaped nut.....*Heritiera littoralis (LOOKING GLASS TREE)*
- 16' Leaf upper surface green, light green, bluish green, or silvery green
 18. Leaves widest in the middle; canopy silver; flowers and fruits born in small rounded head......*Conocarpus erectus (SILVER BUTTONWOOD)*
 - 18' Leaves widest at the tip; canopy green or bluish-green; flowers and fruits born in coiled clusters......*Heliotropium arboreum (BEACH HELIOTROPE)*
- 14' Leaves undersides green; hairs, if any, not obscuring surface

19. Leaves sandpapery to the touch; fruits green; flowers orange.....*Cordia sebestena (HAOLE KOU)*

- 19' Leaves smooth, leathery, not sandpapery; fruits and flowers variously colored 20. Leaf veins palmate or with 3 main veins
 - 21. Leaves spearhead-shaped, with 3 main veins.....*Cinnamomum burmannii* (CASSIA)
 - 21' Leaves heart-shaped or palmately lobed, with 3 or more main veins
 - 22. Leaves heart-shaped......*Thespesia populnea (MILO)*
 - 22' Leaves palmately lobed
 - 23. Young leaves hairless; mature leaves deeply lobed......*Brachychiton acerifolius (FLAME BOTTLE TREE)*
 - 23' Young leaves covered in fine hairs; mature leaves shallowly lobed.....*Aleurites moluccanus (KUKUI)*
 - 20' Leaf veins pinnate
 - 24. Largest leaves 5 inches wide or wider
 - 25. Leaves widest in the middle or at the base (elliptic or ovate)
 - 26. Leaf blade based rounded or broadly tapered; leaf stalks > 2 inches; leaves not clasping stem.....*Cordia subcordata (KOU)*
 - 26' Leaf blade base lobed; leaf stalks < 1 inch; leaves clasping stem.....*Coccoloba uvifera (SEA GRAPE)*
 - 25' Leaves widest toward to tip (oblanceolate or obovate)
 - 27. Leaf midvein green and in plane with upper leaf surface; flowers < 1 inch wide; common coastal tree.....*Terminalia catappa (FALSE KAMANI)*
 - 27' Leaf midvein white and rounded above leaf surface; flowers > 2 inches wide; uncommon horticultural tree......*Barringtonia asiatica* (*BARRINGTONIA*)
 - 24' Largest leaves < 5 inches wide
 - 28. Leaves widest toward to tip; blade tapering to leaf stalk (oblanceolate or obovate)
 - 29. Largest leaves > 5 inches long
 - 30. Leaves born in bundles along stem; midvein yellow or green; flowers and fruits arising from the bark of old stems and trunk.....*Crescentia cujete (CALABASH TREE)*

- 30' Leaves arising evenly along stem; midvein white; flowers and fruits born at shoot tips......*Heliotropium arboreum (BEACH HELIOTROPE)*
- 29' Largest leaves < 5 inches long
 - 31. Leaf stalks absent or nearly so.....*Terminalia buceras (GEOMETRY TREE)*
 - 31' Leaf stalks obvious, usually pink to purple.....*Ardisia elliptica* (SHOE BUTTON ARDISIA)
- 28' Leaves widest in the middle or at the base (elliptic, ovate, or lanceolate); blade rounded to leaf stalk
 - 32. Largest leaves 3–5 inches wide; leaf widest in the middle (elliptic)
 - 33. Leaf stalks 1.5–3 inches long......Persea americana (AVOCADO)
 - 33' Leaf stalks 1 inch long or less
 - 34.Flowers conspicuous, pink or purple, born at shoot tips; fruits woody, <1 inch wide.....*Lagerstroemia speciosa (GIANT CRAPE MYRTLE)*
 - 34' Flowers inconspicuous, arising from the bark of old stems and trunk; fruits fleshy >2 inches wide...... *Theobroma cacao* (CACAO TREE)
 - 32' Largest leaves < 2.5 inches wide; leaf widest at the base (lanceolate)
 35. Leaf edges strongly and regularly wavy.....*Monoon longifolia* (FALSE ASHOKA)
 - 35' Leaf edges flat or irregularly wavy
 - 36. Leaves with translucent dots when held up to light; tips of secondary veins not curved upward, joining together to form a marginal vein; bark reddish brown, fibrous, soft; fruity a dry capsule with many small seeds.....*Eucalyptus robusta (SWAMP MAHOGANY)*
 - 36' Leaves without translucent dots when held up to light; tips of secondary veins curved upward, not joining together to form a marginal vein; bark gray-brown, scaly; fruit large, fleshy, with a large, 1-seeded pit.....*Mangifera indica (MANGO)*